Predictive Analysis Tool for Energy Distribution Networks

Pablo Chamoso^{1(⊠)}, Juan F. De Paz¹, Javier Bajo², Gabriel Villarrubia¹, and Juan Manuel Corchado¹

Departamento de Informática y Automática, Universidad de Salamanca, Plaza de la Merced, s/n, 37008 Salamanca, Spain {chamoso, fcofds, gvg, corchado}@usal.es
Department of Artificial Intelligence, Polytechnic University of Madrid, Campus Montegancedo s/n, Boadilla del Monte, 28660 Madrid, Spain jbajo@fi.upm.es

Abstract. There has been multiple research in the energy distribution sector over the last years because of the significant impact in societies. However, the use of aerial high voltage power lines involves some risks that may be avoided with periodic reviews. The objective of this work is to reduce the number of these reviews to reduce the maintenance cost of power lines. So the work is focused on the periodic review of transmission towers (TT). A virtual organization of agents in conjunction with different artificial intelligence methods and algorithms are proposed in order to reduce the number of TT to be reviewed. The proposed system is able to provide a sample of TT from a set of them, a whole line for example, to be reviewed and to ensure that the set will have similar values without needing to review all the TT. The result is a web application to manage all the review processes and all the TT of a country (Spain in this case). This allows the review companies to use the application either when they initiate a new review process for a whole line or area of TT, or when they want to place an entirely new set of TT, in which case the system would recommend the best place and the best type of structure to use.

1 Introduction

High voltage power lines maintenance is a problem that has generated a variety of research lines [3, 4, 9]. TT supporting that high voltage power lines have to be reviewed on a regular basis depending on their characteristics, specially if they are in urban places. In the reviews it is necessary to measure the ground resistance, the resistance of the TT, and also the step and touch potentials. These reviews are really expensive. However, many of the reviews could be predicted, as most of the TT share the same features and are located on terrain with similar characteristics. Therefore, the possibility of reducing the costs associated to this kind of maintenance is not only attractive, but quite reasonable.

As technology has continued to advance, there have been different approaches that attempt to apply innovations both in the review and the maintenance processes, resulting in a common need to reduce costs. Indeed, this is precisely the reason for having created the proposed predictive maintenance system.

© Springer International Publishing Switzerland 2016
O. Luaces et al. (Eds.): CAEPIA 2016, LNAI 9868, pp. 271–279, 2016.
DOI: 10.1007/978-3-319-44636-3_25

Full [,]	version avai	lable at: http	o://link.springer	.com/chapter/10	.1007/978-3	-319-44636-3_25
-------------------	--------------	----------------	-------------------	-----------------	-------------	-----------------

Acknowledgments. This work has been supported by the European Commission H2020 MSCA-RISE-2014: Marie Skłodowska-Curie project DREAM-GO Enabling Demand Response for short and real-time Efficient And Market Based Smart Grid Operation - An intelligent and real-time simulation approach ref 641794.

The research of Pablo Chamoso has been financed by the Regional Ministry of Education in Castilla y León and the European Social Fund (Operational Programme 2014-2020 for Castilla y León, EDU/310/2015 BOCYL).

References

- 1. de Faria, H., Costa, J.G.S., Olivas, J.L.M.: A review of monitoring methods for predictive maintenance of electric power transformers based on dissolved gas analysis. Renew. Sustain. Energy Rev. **46**, 201–209 (2015)
- 2. Duval, M., DePabla, A.: Interpretation of gas-in-oil analysis using new IEC publication 60599 and IEC TC 10 databases. IEEE Electr. Insul. Mag. **17**(2), 31–41 (2001)

- 3. Eltawil, M.A., Zhao, Z.: Grid-connected photovoltaic power systems: technical and potential problems—a review. Renew. Sustain. Energy Rev. **14**(1), 112–129 (2010)
- 4. Gonçalves, R.S., Carvalho, J.C.M.: Review and latest trends in mobile robots used on power transmission lines. Int. J. Adv. Robot. Syst. (Print) **10**, 1–14 (2013)
- 5. Hennig, C., Liao, T.: How to find an appropriate clustering for mixed-type variables with application to socio-economic stratification. J. Roy. Stat. Soc. Ser. C Appl. Stat. **62**, 309–369 (2013)
- 6. Krishnanand, K.R., Dash, P.K., Naeem, M.H.: Detection, classification, and location of faults in power transmission lines. Int. J. Electr. Power Energy Syst. **67**, 76–86 (2015)
- 7. Na, M.G.: Auto-tuned PID controller using a model predictive control method for the steam generator water level. IEEE Trans. Nucl. Sci. **48**(5), 1664–1671 (2001)
- 8. Sánchez, A., Villarrubia, G., Zato, C., Rodríguez, S., Chamoso, P.: A gateway protocol based on FIPA-ACL for the new agent platform PANGEA. In: Pérez, J.B., et al. (eds.) Trends in Practical Applications of Agents and Multiagent Systems. AISC, vol. 221, pp. 41–51. Springer, Heidelberg (2013)
- 9. Singh, J., Gandhi, K., Kapoor, M., Dwivedi, A.: New approaches for live wire maintenance of transmission lines. MIT Int. J. Electr. Instrum. Eng. **3**(2), 67–71 (2013)
- 10. Lipták, B.G. (ed.): Process Control: Instrument Engineers' Handbook. Butterworth-Heinemann, Burlington (2013)
- 11. Taher, S.A., Sadeghkhani, I.: Estimation of magnitude and time duration of temporary overvoltages using ANN in transmission lines during power system restoration. Simul. Model. Pract. Theory **18**(6), 787–805 (2010)
- 12. Trappey, A.J., Trappey, C.V., Ma, L., Chang, J.C.: Intelligent engineering asset management system for power transformer maintenance decision supports under various operating conditions. Comput. Ind. Eng. **84**, 3–11 (2015)
- 13. Weibull, W.: Wide applicability. J. Appl. Mech. 103, 33 (1951)
- 14. Zarnani, A., Musilek, P., Shi, X., Ke, X., He, H., Greiner, R.: Learning to predict ice accretion on electric power lines. Eng. Appl. Artif. Intell. **25**(3), 609–617 (2012)
- 15. Zhou, D., Zhang, H., Weng, S.: A novel prognostic model of performance degradation trend for power machinery maintenance. Energy **78**, 740–746 (2014)